

How to Revive a California Company After FTB Suspension

In recent years, an increasing number of cross-border businesses have chosen to establish companies in California to conduct e-commerce, technology, trading, and brand-related operations. However, during the course of business, many companies become classified as “FTB Suspended” by the California Franchise Tax Board (FTB) due to prolonged failure to file tax returns, pay the annual Franchise Tax (including the minimum franchise tax), or respond to state tax notices. When business owners discover that their company has been suspended, many mistakenly assume that the entity has already been dissolved or has ceased to exist. In reality, this is often not the case. In most situations, the legal entity still exists, but its authority to conduct business and exercise legal rights is severely restricted.

Unlike most U.S. states, where corporate status is primarily administered by the Secretary of State (SOS), California maintains a dual regulatory system in which both the SOS and the FTB oversee corporate compliance. As a result, a California company's loss of good standing is often not merely an annual filing issue, it frequently involves significant tax compliance deficiencies as well. This article provides a practical overview of the process for restoring a California company from FTB Suspended status to Active status, including the required filings, supporting documentation, common challenges, and key considerations in practice.

1. What Is an FTB Suspension?

In California, entities are subject to ongoing compliance obligations administered by both the California Secretary of State (SOS) and the California Franchise Tax Board (FTB). A company that fails to satisfy its California tax compliance obligations over an extended period—such as by failing to file required tax returns or pay the annual franchise tax—may have its corporate powers, rights, and privileges suspended by the FTB, resulting in FTB Suspended status. In contrast, an SOS Suspension generally arises from failures to comply with corporate filing requirements, including the failure to file the required Statement of Information (SOI) or to maintain a valid business address on file with the Secretary of State.

2. Common Reasons Why a Company Becomes Suspended

SHENZHEN 深圳

Rooms 1203-06, 12/F.
Di Wang Commercial Centre
5002 Shennan Road East
Luohu District, Shenzhen, China
中國深圳市羅湖區深南東路5002號
地王商業中心12樓1203-06室
T: +86 755 8268 4480

SHANGHAI 上海

Room 1201, 12/F., Tower A
Guangqi Culture Plaza
2899A Xietu Road, Xuhui District
Shanghai, China
中國上海市徐匯區斜土路2899甲號
光啟文化廣場A座12樓1201室
T: +86 21 6439 4114

BEIJING 北京

Room 303, 3/F.
Interchina Commercial Building
33 Dengshikou Street
Dongcheng District, Beijing, China
中國北京市東城區燈市口大街33號
國中商業大廈3樓303室
T: +86 10 6210 1890

TAIPEI 台北

Rooms 7F-702, 7/F., 188 Section 5
Nanjing East Road
Songshan District, Taipei
Taiwan 105411
台灣台北市松山區南京東路五段
188號7樓7F-702室
郵編: 105411
T: +886 2 2711 1324

TOKYO 東京

Rooms 502-03, 5/F.,
Lions Mansion Matsugaya
1-4-6 Matsugaya, Taito, Tokyo
Japan 111-0036
日本東京都台東區松谷1-4-6
獅子大廈5樓502-03室
郵編: 111-0036
T: +81 3 5776 2637

SINGAPORE 新加坡

138 Cecil Street, #13-02 Cecil Court
Singapore 069538
T: +65 6438 0116

KUALA LUMPUR 吉隆坡

Menara Suezcap, Tower 2
E-13A-3A, No. 2 Jalan Kerinchi
Gerbang Kerinchi Lestari
59200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
T: +60 19 2177 344

NEW YORK 紐約

202 Canal Street, Suite 303, 3/F.
New York, NY 10013, USA
T: +1 646 850 5888

LONDON 倫敦

Room 5, 2/F., 39-41 High Street
New Malden, Surrey
KT3 4BY, UK
T: +44 20 3910 8392

In many cases, businesses do not intentionally fail to comply with California requirements. Rather, during cross-border operations, they gradually lose track of their ongoing state tax obligations, ultimately resulting in suspension. The most common causes include the following:

(1) Failure to File California Tax Returns

This is one of the most common reasons for an FTB suspension. Even if a company has no revenue, no business activities, and no bank transactions, it is generally still required to file California tax returns. Many business owners mistakenly believe that no business activity means no filing obligation. In reality, most California entities remain subject to annual filing requirements even when they report zero income. If a company fails to file its tax returns for multiple consecutive years, the FTB may suspend the entity.

(2) Failure to Pay the Annual \$800 Franchise Tax

Most California business entities are required to pay the annual minimum franchise tax of USD 800. Failure to pay the tax over an extended period generally results in penalties and interest, and may ultimately lead to an FTB suspension.

For cross-border businesses, this obligation is often overlooked because of outdated mailing addresses, the absence of a U.S.-based responsible person, or the lack of a tax compliance calendar.

(3) Missing FTB Notices Due to an Invalid Mailing Address

Many companies initially use a virtual office, registered agent address, or temporary business address when forming the entity. If the mailing address is not updated after it changes, important notices issued by the FTB may never reach the company. As a result, many businesses do not discover that they have been suspended until they attempt to open a bank account, undergo investor or lender due diligence, or make changes to the company.

3. Consequences of an FTB Suspension

Many companies continue to have access to their bank accounts after becoming suspended and therefore assume that the suspension has little practical impact. In reality, an FTB suspension can create significant legal and commercial risks.

(1) Loss of the Right to Conduct Business

Once suspended, a company's corporate powers, rights, and privileges are suspended under California law. As a result, its ability to enter into enforceable contracts and

conduct business may be significantly restricted. Opening new bank accounts or payment processing accounts may also become more difficult in practice.

(2) Inability to File Corporate Amendments

A suspended company is generally unable to complete various corporate filings with the state, including changes to its corporate name, directors or officers, share structure, mergers, or voluntary dissolution. Accordingly, many companies must first restore their corporate status before they can proceed with these transactions.

(3) Negative Impact on Financing and Due Diligence

During financing transactions, mergers and acquisitions, or other commercial due diligence processes, investors, lenders, and business partners typically verify whether a company is in good standing. An FTB suspension is generally regarded as a material compliance issue and may significantly affect cross-border financing, U.S. business cooperation, investment transactions, or mergers and acquisitions.

4. The Complete Process for Restoring a California Company

Many business owners believe that simply paying the outstanding taxes will restore the company. In practice, however, the FTB is generally more concerned with whether all outstanding filing obligations have been satisfied.

(1) Confirm the Company's Current Status

The first step is to determine whether the company has been suspended by the FTB, whether it is also subject to an SOS suspension, which tax years remain unfiled, and whether any outstanding taxes, penalties, or interest are due. This information can generally be verified through the FTB's records and the California Secretary of State.

(2) File All Outstanding California Tax Returns

This is typically the most critical step in the reinstatement process. The company is generally required to file California income tax returns for every delinquent tax year, even if it had no revenue, no business activity, and no tax liability during those years.

(3) Submit Reinstatement Documents to the FTB

After all required tax returns have been filed, reinstatement documents generally must be submitted to the FTB. Common supporting documents include signed copies of the filed tax returns, proof that the returns have been submitted, and the applicable California revivor forms.

(4) Pay Outstanding Taxes, Penalties, and Interest

To avoid payment mismatches, unapplied credits, or delays caused by payments being posted before the FTB updates the company's filing records, it is generally advisable to obtain confirmation from the FTB regarding the final amount of taxes, penalties, and interest due before making payment.

(5) Restoration of Corporate Status by the Secretary of State

After the FTB completes the revivor process, it will generally notify the California Secretary of State that the company's powers, rights, and privileges have been restored. The company's status will subsequently be updated to Active. However, because there may be a delay before the Secretary of State's records are updated, it is advisable to verify the company's status after the restoration process has been completed.

Reference:

[My business is suspended | FTB.ca.gov](https://ftb.ca.gov/MyBusinessIsSuspended)

[Frequently Asked Questions :: California Secretary of State](https://www.sos.ca.gov/FAQs)

[Business help | FTB.ca.gov](https://ftb.ca.gov/BusinessHelp)

[FTB Pending Administrative Termination Notice :: California Secretary of State](https://www.sos.ca.gov/FTBPendingAdministrativeTerminationNotice)

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Email: info@kaizencpa.com,

Tel: +852 2341 1444

Mobile : +852 5616 4140, +86 152 1943 4614

WhatsApp/ Line/ Wechat: +852 5616 4140

Skype: kaizencpa